Goose Green Computing Progression

Strand/ discipline	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Computing Systems and Networks	Introduction to Technology - Incorporate technology resources that children recognise into their play, such as cameras, phones, tablets, computers, toys Talk about digital and other electric equipment, what it does, what they can do with it and how to use it safely To introduce the idea of digital community and how we can communicate with people digitally To acquire basic skills in turning on and operating some digital equipment.	Experiencing Technology - To begin to experience using real examples of technology Draw young children's attention to pieces of digital apparatus they see or that they use with adult supervision To begin to experience a digital community with the introduction of a digital classroom that the children can participate in To understand that information can be retrieved from digital devices and the internet Talk to children about their uses of technologies at home and in other environments to begin to understand what they already	Technology Around Us -To identify technologyTo identify a computer and its partsTo use a mouseTo use a keyboard to typeTo use a keyboard to editTo create rules for using technology responsibly.	IT Around Us -To recognise the uses and features of information technologyTo identify the uses of information technology in the schoolTo identify information technology beyond schoolTo explain how information technology helps usTo explain how to use information technology safelyTo recognise that choices are made when using information technology and how to make responsible choices.	Connecting Computers -To explain how digital devices function. -To identify input and output devices. -To recognise how digital devices can change the way we work. -To explain how a computer network can be used to share information. -To explore how digital devices can be connected. -To recognise the physical components of a network.	The Internet -To describe how networks physically connect to other networksTo recognise how networked devices make up the internetTo outline how websites can be shared via the World Wide Web (WWW)To describe how content can be added and accessed on the World Wide Web (WWW)To recognise how the content of the WWW is created by peopleTo evaluate the consequences of unreliable content.	Systems and Searching -To explain that computers can be connected together to form systemsTo recognise the role of computer systems in our livesTo experiment with search enginesTo describe how search engines select resultsTo explain how search results are rankedTo recognise why the order of results is important, and to whom.	Communication and Collaboration -To explain the importance of internet addressesTo recognise how data is transferred across the internetTo explain how sharing information online can help people to work togetherTo evaluate different ways of working together onlineTo recognise how we communicate using technologyTo evaluate different methods of online communication.

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		know about and can do with different technologies.						
Creating Media A	Introduction to Media - To begin to be a viewer of different media; such as pictures, photos, videos, animations, sounds, music. - To understand that media can be used to record and watch back their own creative output. - Support children in exploring the control technology of toys, e.g. toy electronic keyboard.	Experiencing Media - To be able to select appropriate technology to produce their own creative media. - To begin to use digital technology including touch screens, audio and visual devices to explore, produce, record and playback their own creative output, so that children can see their authorship and spelling in action.	Digital Painting -To describe what different freehand tools doTo use the shape tool and the line toolsTo make careful choices when painting a digital pictureTo explain why I chose the tools I usedTo use a computer on my own to paint a pictureTo compare painting a picture on a computer and on paper.	Digital Photography -To use a digital device to take a photographTo make choices when taking a photographTo describe what makes a good photographTo decide how photographs can be improvedTo use tools to change an imageTo recognise that photos can be changed.	Stop Frame Animation -To explain that animation is a sequence of drawings or photographsTo relate animated movement with a sequence of imagesTo plan an animationTo identify the need to work consistently and carefullyTo review and improve an animationTo evaluate the impact of adding other media to an animation.	Audio Production -To identify that sound can be recordedTo explain that audio recordings can be editedTo recognise the different parts of creating a podcast projectTo apply audio editing skills independentlyTo combine audio to enhance my podcast projectTo evaluate the effective use of audio.	Video Production -To explain what makes a video effectiveTo identify digital devices that can record videoTo capture video using a range of techniquesTo create a storyboardTo identify that video can be improved through reshooting and editingTo consider the impact of the choices made when making and sharing a video.	Web Page Creation -To review an existing website and consider its structureTo plan the features of a web pageTo consider the ownership and use of images (copyright)To recognise the need to preview pagesTo outline the need for a navigation pathTo recognise the implications of linking to content owned by other people.
Programming A	Introduction to Instruction - To begin to explore the language of instructions and commands To begin to	Experiencing Instructions - To begin to use the language of instructions to give and follow commands To operate	Moving a Robot -To explain what a given command will doTo act out a given wordTo combine forwards and	Robot Algorithms -To describe a series of instructions as a sequenceTo explain what happens when we change the order	Sequencing Sounds -To explore a new programming environmentTo identify that commands have an outcome.	Repetition in Shapes -To identify that accuracy in programming is importantTo explain what 'repeat' means.	Selection in Physical Computing -To control a simple circuit connected to a computerTo write a	Variables in Games -To define a 'variable' as something that is changeableTo explain why a variable is used in

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	manipulate objects following a set of instructions To use toys with buttons, flaps and simple mechanisms and begins to learn to operate them.	simple equipment, e.g. turns on CD player, uses a remote control, can navigate touch-capable technology with support To develop skills in making toys work by pressing parts or lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound, movements or new images.	backwards commands to make a sequenceTo combine four direction commands to make sequencesTo plan a simple programTo find more than one solution to a problem.	of instructionsTo use logical reasoning to predict the outcome of a programTo explain that programming projects can have code and artworkTo design an algorithmTo create and debug a program that I have written.	-To explain that a program has a startTo recognise that a sequence of commands can have an orderTo change the appearance of my projectTo create a project from a task description.	-To modify a count-controlled loop to produce a given outcomeTo decompose a task into small stepsTo create a program that uses count-controlled loops to produce a given outcome.	program that includes count-controlled loopsTo explain that a loop can stop when a condition is metTo explain that a loop can be used to repeatedly check whether a condition has been metTo design a physical project that includes selectionTo create a program that controls a physical computing project.	a program. -To choose how to improve a game by using variables. -To design a project that builds on a given example. -To use my design to create a project. -To evaluate my project.
Data and Information	Introduction to Sorting and Grouping - To begin to explore the concepts of sharing, grouping, sorting objects by different criteria To begin to manipulate objects via a set criteria.	Experiencing Sorting and Grouping - To begin using technology to help sharing, grouping, sorting objects by different criteria To begin using technology to manipulate objects via a set criteria.	Grouping Data -To label objectsTo identify that objects can be countedTo describe objects in different waysTo count objects with the same propertiesTo compare groups of objectsTo answer questions about groups of objects.	Pictograms -To recognise that we can count and compare objects using tally chartsTo recognise that objects can be represented as picturesTo create a pictogramTo select objects by attribute and make comparisonsTo recognise that	Branching Databases -To create questions with yes/no answers -To identify the attributes needed to collect data about an objectTo create a branching databaseTo explain why it is helpful for a database to be well structured.	Data Logging -To explain that data gathered over time can be used to answer questionsTo use a digital device to collect data automaticallyTo explain that a data logger collects 'data points' from sensors over timeTo recognise how	Flat File Databases -To use a form to record informationTo compare paper and computer-based databasesTo outline how you can answer questions by grouping and then sorting dataTo explain that tools can be used	Spreadsheets -To create a data set in a spreadsheetTo build a data set in a spreadsheetTo explain that formulas can be used to produce calculated dataTo apply formulas to dataTo create a spreadsheet to plan an event.

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				people can be described by attributesTo explain that we can present information using a computer.	-To plan the structure of a branching databaseTo independently create an identification tool.	a computer can help us analyse dataTo identify the data needed to answer questionsTo use data from sensors to answer questions.	to select specific dataTo explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visuallyTo use a real-world database to answer questions.	-To choose suitable ways to present data.
Creating Media B			Digital Writing -To use a computer to writeTo add and remove text on a computerTo identify that the look of text can be changed on a computerTo make careful choices when changing textTo explain why I used the tools that I choseTo compare typing on a computer to writing on paper.	Digital Music -To say how music can make us feelTo identify that there are patterns in musicTo experiment with sound using a computerTo use a computer to create a musical patternTo create music for a purposeTo review and refine our computer work.	Desktop Publishing -To recognise how text and images convey informationTo recognise that text and layout can be editedTo choose appropriate page settingsTo add content to a desktop publishing publicationTo consider how different layouts can suit different purposesTo consider the benefits of desktop publishing.	Photo Editing -To explain that the composition of digital images can be changedTo explain that colours can be changed in digital imagesTo explain how cloning can be used in photo editingTo explain that images can be combinedTo combine images for a purposeTo evaluate how changes can improve an image.	Introduction to Vector Graphics -To identify that drawing tools can be used to produce different outcomesTo create a vector drawing by combining shapesTo use tools to achieve a desired effectTo recognise that vector drawings consist of layersTo group objects to make them easier to work withTo apply what I have learned about vector drawings.	3D Modelling -To recognise that you can work in three dimensions on a computerTo identify that digital 3D objects can be modifiedTo recognise that objects can be combined in a 3D modelTo create a 3D model for a given purposeTo plan my own 3D modelTo create my own digital 3D model.

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Programming B			Programming Animations -To choose a command for a given purposeTo show that a series of commands can be joined togetherTo identify the effect of changing a valueTo explain that each sprite has its own instructionsTo design the parts of a projectTo use my algorithm to create a program.	Programming Quizzes -To explain that a sequence of commands has a startTo explain that a sequence of commands has an outcomeTo create a program using a given designTo change a given designTo create a program using my own designTo decide how my project can be improved.	Events and Actions in Programs -To explain how a sprite moves in an existing projectTo create a program to move a sprite in four directionsTo adapt a program to a new contextTo develop my program by adding featuresTo identify and fix bugs in a programTo design and create a maze-based challenge.	Repetition in Games -To develop the use of count-controlled loops in a different programming environment. -To explain that in programming there are infinite loops and count controlled loops. -To develop a design that includes two or more loops which run at the same time. -To modify an infinite loop in a given program. -To design a project that includes repetition. -To create a project that includes repetition.	Selection in Quizzes -To explain how selection is used in computer programsTo relate that a conditional statement connects a condition to an outcomeTo explain how selection directs the flow of a programTo design a program which uses selectionTo create a program which uses selectionTo evaluate my program.	Sensing Movement -To create a program to run on a controllable deviceTo explain that selection can control the flow of a programTo update a variable with a user inputTo use a conditional statement to compare a variable to a valueTo design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable deviceTo develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a controllable device.